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DATE MAILED: 05/23/2006

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/667,072	09/21/2000	Jin Soo Lee	P-128	9016	
37803	7590 05/23/200	6	EXAM	EXAMINER	
SIDLEY AUSTIN BROWN & WOOD LLP			TRAN, PHILIP B		
555 CALIFO	RNIA STREET			<u> </u>	
SUITE 2000			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
SAN FRANC	CISCO, CA 94104-1	715	2155		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	,	
09/667,072	LEE ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
Philip B. Tran	2155		

·	1 Timp B. Train		
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence add	iress
THE REPLY FILED 27 April 2006 FAILS TO PLACE THIS AI	PPLICATION IN CONDITION FO	OR ALLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or this application, applicant must timely file one of the fol places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in complia time periods:	lowing replies: (1) an amendme Notice of Appeal (with appeal fe ance with 37 CFR 1.114. The re	nt, affidavit, or other evider e) in compliance with 37 C	nce, which FR 41.31; or (3)
a) \square The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing d			
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of thin no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a)	e later than SIX MONTHS from the	mailing date of the final reject	ion.
TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPER	706.07(f).	THE THO THE ET WAS	ices within
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The da have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office la may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704 NOTICE OF APPEAL	extension and the corresponding ar the shortened statutory period for rep ter than three months after the mail	nount of the fee. The approprily originally set in the final Off	iate extension fee ice action; or (2) as
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in confiling the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exa Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed. AMENDMENTS 	tension thereof (37 CFR 41.37)	e)), to avoid dismissal of the	hs of the date of ne appeal. Since
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection	n, but prior to the date of filing a	brief, will not be entered b	ecause
(a) They raise new issues that would require further		e NOTE below);	
(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE be			
(c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in I appeal; and/or			the issues for
(d) They present additional claims without canceling		Illy rejected claims.	
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a			
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1		on-Compliant Amendment	(PTOL-324).
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection			
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be non-allowable claim(s). 	•		•
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a how the new or amended claims would be rejected is p The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: None.	a)	☑ will be entered and an o	explanation of
Claim(s) objected to: <u>None</u> .			
Claim(s) rejected: <u>13-18</u> .			
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: <u>None</u> .			
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE	hut bafana an an tha data of file		
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, because applicant failed to provide a showing of good a was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 	and sufficient reasons why the a	g a Notice of Appeal will <u>no</u> iffidavit or other evidence i	ot be entered s necessary and
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necess 	o overcome <u>all</u> rejections under ary and was not earlier presente	appeal and/or appellant fa ed. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(ils to provide a 1).
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explana	tion of the status of the claims a	fter entry is below or attacl	hed.
REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER			
11. ☑ The request for reconsideration has been considered See Continuation Sheet.			nce because:
12. ☑ Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Pa	per No(s). <u>4/14/2006</u>	
13. Other:		Philip Tran	
		Philip Tran	
		Primary Examiner	

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 7-05) Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

Specification does not explicitly describe nor is sufficiently clear for one of ordinary skill in art to recognize the following steps as recited in claims 13, 15 and 17 such as specifying a respective preference value for each browsing preference in the plurality of browsing preferences, wherein the respective preference value indicates relative priority for using the corresponding browsing preference for browsing multimedia content of the first genre and assigning a respective preference value to each summary preference in the plurality of summary preferences, the respective preference value indicating relative priority for selecting the corresponding summary preference for browsing multimedia content of the first genre. Therefore, claims 13, 15 and 17 are unclear that the one ordinarily skilled in the art cannot recognize the encompassed claimed limitations.

Also, undue experimentation would be needed to specify a respective preference value for each browsing preference in the plurality of browsing preferences, wherein the respective preference value indicates relative priority for using the corresponding browsing preference for browsing multimedia content of the first genre and assign a respective preference value to each summary preference in the plurality of summary preferences, the respective preference value indicating relative priority for selecting the corresponding summary preference for browsing multimedia content of the first genre.

Applicant argues that claim 13 limitations are described in the instant specification including Figs. 3-4 and Pages 4-5 & 10. The examiner respectfully disagrees. The instant specification may disclose browsing preference and weight value. However, there is nowhere in the instant specification explicitly describing the respective preference value indicates relative priority for using the corresponding browsing multimedia content of the first genre as claimed in claim 13.

Applicant also argues that claims 15 and 17 are described in the instant specification including Figs. 3-8 and Page 9. The examiner respectfully disagrees. The instant specification may disclose browsing preference and weight value. However, there is nowhere in the instant specification explicitly describing the respective preference value indicates relative priority for using the corresponding browsing multimedia content of the first genre as claimed in claims 15 and 17. In addition, there is nowhere in the instant specification explicitly describing the browsing preferences assign a respective preference value to each summary preference in the plurality of summary preferences as claimed in claims 15 and 17.

The examiner respectfully maintain that Sezan teaches a method of describing user preferences pertaining to navigation of and access to multimedia content, the method comprising providing user preference information in a user profile, the user preference information describing browsing preference information that specifies a plurality of browsing preferences, a first genre to which the plurality of browsing preferences apply. For example, Sezan discloses a user description scheme provides information regarding the user's preferences for using in combination with other description schemes to enhance ability to search and browse audiovisual information in a personalized and effective manner [see Abstract and Col. 1, Lines 55-67 and Col. 5, Line 37 to Col. 6, Line 22 and Col. 11, Lines 7-22 and Col. 21, Line 30 to Col. 24, Line 33]. Sezan does not explicitly teach a respective preference value for each browsing preference in the plurality of browsing preferences, wherein the respective preference value indicates relative priority for using the corresponding browsing preference for browsing multimedia content of the first genre. However, Williams, in the same field of multimedia content processing and retrieval related to user's preferences endeavor, discloses the use of weight value in retrieving multimedia information related to user's preferences [see Williams, Col. 9, Line 31 to Col. 10, Line 59]. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to incorporate the use of weight value in obtaining appropriate multimedia information according to user's preference, disclosed by Williams, into user-preferred application description scheme stored in the user profile disclosed by Sezan in order to indicate user preferences regarding the relative importance of that features. Thus, multimedia contents can be efficiently browsed and retrieved in priority manner based on the ranking of objects predefined by user preferences [see Williams, Col. 9, Line 31 to Col. 10, Line 59].

In response to Appellant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the Examiner recognizes that references cannot be arbitrarily combined and that there must be some reason why one skilled in the art would be motivated to make the proposed combination of primary and secondary references. See In re Nomiya, 184 USPQ 607 (CCPA 1975). However, there is no requirement that a motivation to make the modification be expressly articulated. The test for combining references is what the combination of disclosures taken as a whole would suggest to one of ordinary skill in the art. See In re McLaughlin, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971). References are evaluated by what they suggest to one versed in the art, rather than by their specific disclosures. The conclusion of obviousness may be made from common knowledge and common sense of a person of ordinary skill in the art without any specific hint or suggestion in a particular reference. See In re Bozek, 163 USPQ 545 (CCPA) 1969. Every reference relies to some extent on knowledge of persons skilled in the art to complement that which is disclosed therein. See In re Bode, 193 USPQ 12 (CCPA 1977). In this case, the reason for combining reference Sezan and Williams is that to incorporate the use of weight value in obtaining appropriate multimedia information according to user's preference, disclosed by Williams, into user-preferred application description scheme stored in the user profile disclosed by Sezan in order to indicate user preferences regarding the relative importance of that features. Thus, multimedia contents can be efficiently browsed and retrieved in priority manner based on the ranking of objects predefined by user preferences [see Williams, Col. 9, Line 31 to Col. 10, Line 59].